





WITH SUBSTANCE USE DISORDER

There are Multiple Pathways to Recovery

From the grassroots to the Governor's office,
Maine is coming together for those affected by the opioid epidemic. We are on a mission to save lives and strengthen communities, and we're putting all the options on the table. Bed

Fnglish

Know your options.ME

https://youtu.be/Eaptdcvb9al

INTRO VIDEO











How to impact the epidemic within the pandemic

PRESCRIBING TO REDUCE OPIOID OVERDOSE RISK



presenters

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Disclosures

- MICIS does not accept any money from pharmaceutical companies/commercial interests
- Speakers and planners have no significant or relevant financial relationships to disclose



Objectives

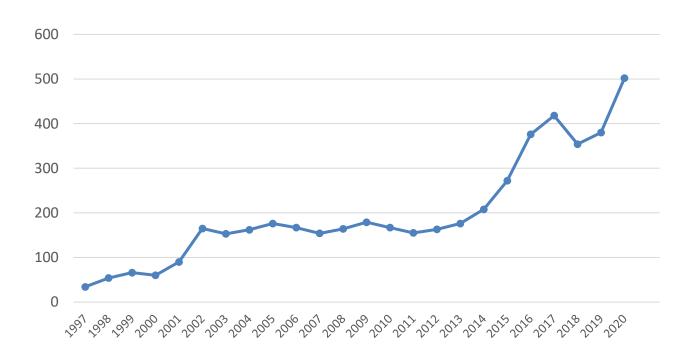
- ➤ Understand risk reduction in the context of opioid prescribing
- ➤ Obtain familiarity with the benefits of buprenorphine for opioid use disorder
- ➤ Describe recommendations for naloxone prescribing to increase patient safety



THE PROBLEM



Maine Overdose Deaths





2020 OD in Maine

- Average age 43 (range 16-96)
- Male 71%, Female 29%
- OD is nearly always a combination of drugs; average is 3
- Increase in deaths involving cocaine (23%) & meth (20%-more than doubled)

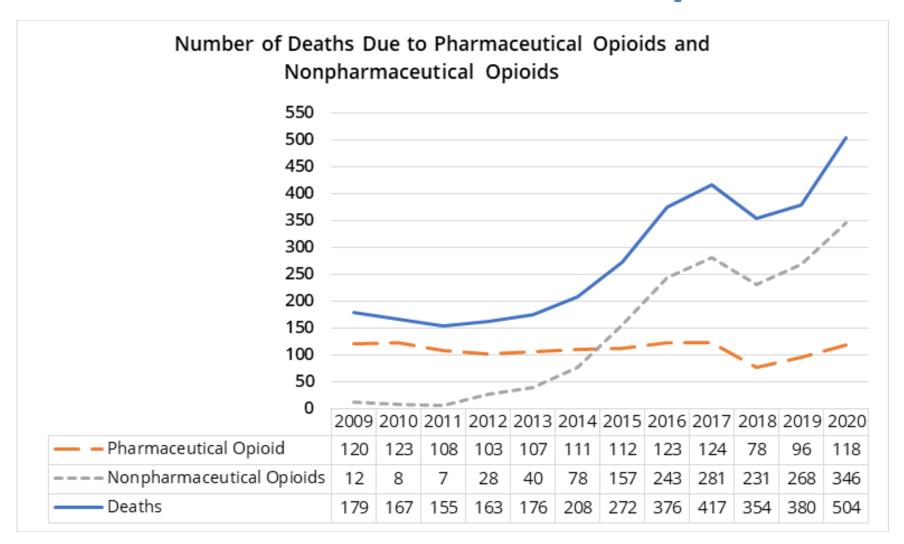


2020 Overdose Deaths in Maine

- > 83% involved some form of opioid
- 23% involved prescription opioids
 ~30% of opioid involved OD deaths
- > 17% of deaths involved pharmaceutical benzodiazepines
- > 28% had naloxone in toxicology*



ME OD Deaths Due to Opioids





OVERDOSE HEAT MAPS-MAINE 2003-2018













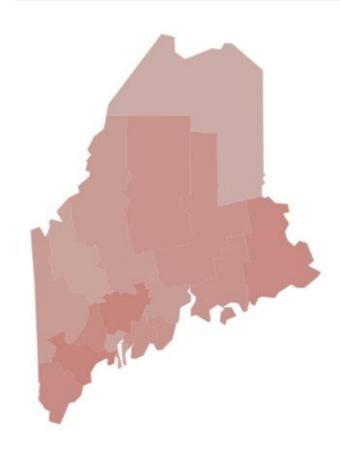






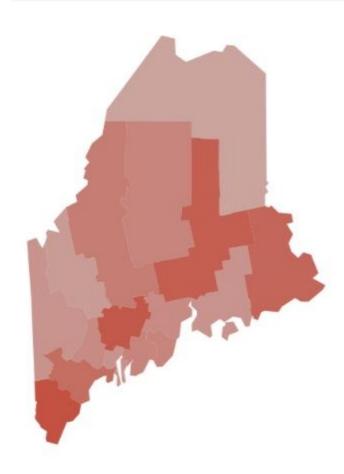


2015



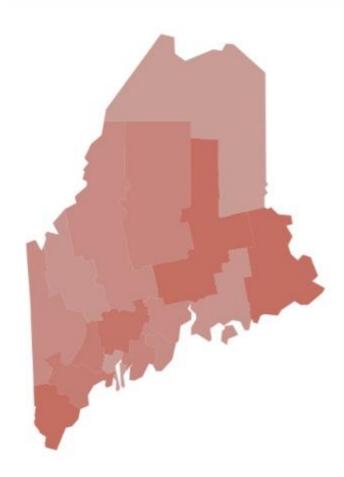


2017





2018

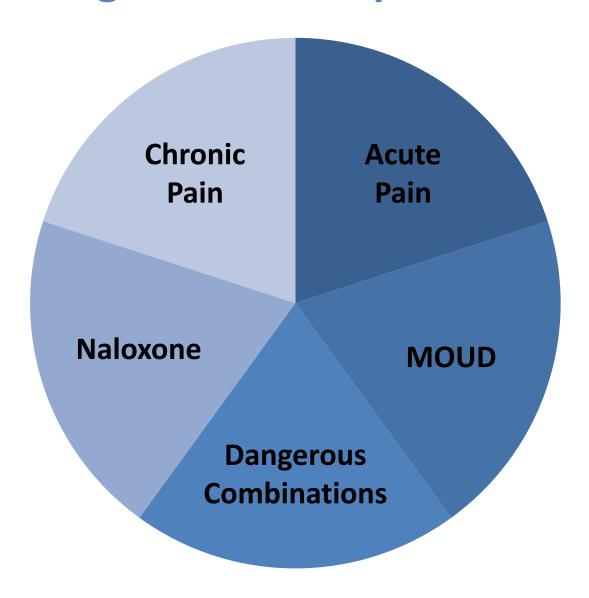




WHAT AREAS OF *PRESCRIBING* CAN AFFECT OVERDOSE RATES?

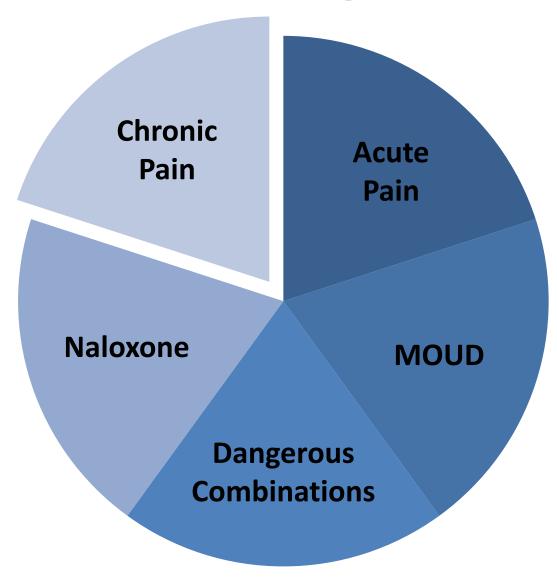


Prescribing to Reduce Opioid Overdose





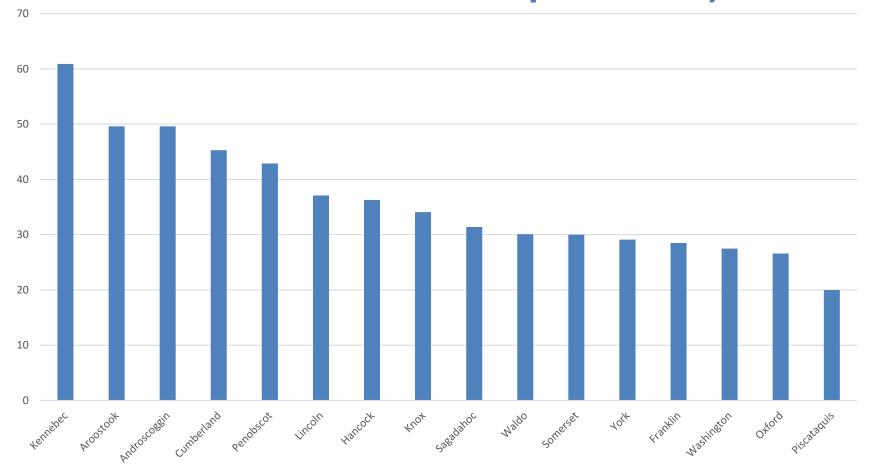
Prescribing ...





2020 Opioid Prescribing Rates

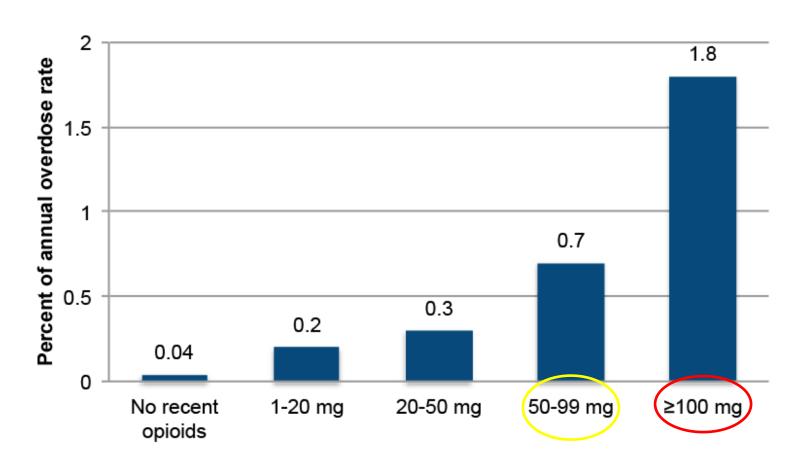
(per 100 residents per year, based on location of prescriber)





Risk of Overdose Increases with Dose

(nonfatal or fatal OD)





SPACE Randomized Clinical Trial

- > 240 VA patients
- 2 non-blinded arms: opioids & nonopioid medications
- No significant difference on pain-related function over 12 mos
- Pain intensity significantly better/less in nonopioid group (p=.03)

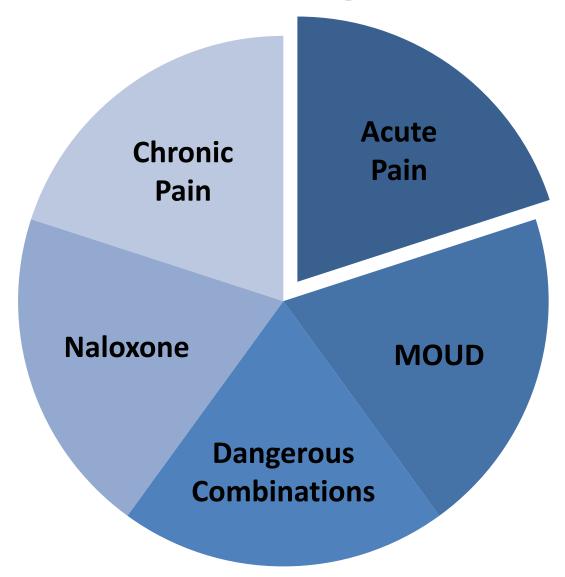


Chronic Opioid Monitoring

- Assess progress toward functional goals
- Use standardized tools
- Pay attention to behavioral health
- > Ask about hx of misuse
- Perform risk assessment & mitigation
- Discuss dose reduction at every visit



Prescribing ...





Current Best Practice Recommendations for Pain

- Multimodal & multidiscliplinary
 - Start with nonpharm measures
 - Maximize non-opioid medications
 - Nerve blocks for post-op pain
- Coordinated & integrated teams
- Consider psychosocial risk factors
- Population-based but tailored to individual
- > 3 day supply for acute



Acute pain opioid prescribing

- Document informed consent
- Discuss a clear plan/expectations
- ➤ Be explicit about length of rx (3-7d, no refill)
- Avoid co-prescribing opioids & benzos/sedatives
- Educate & update support staff
- Put patient instructions in writing & share expectations with support person

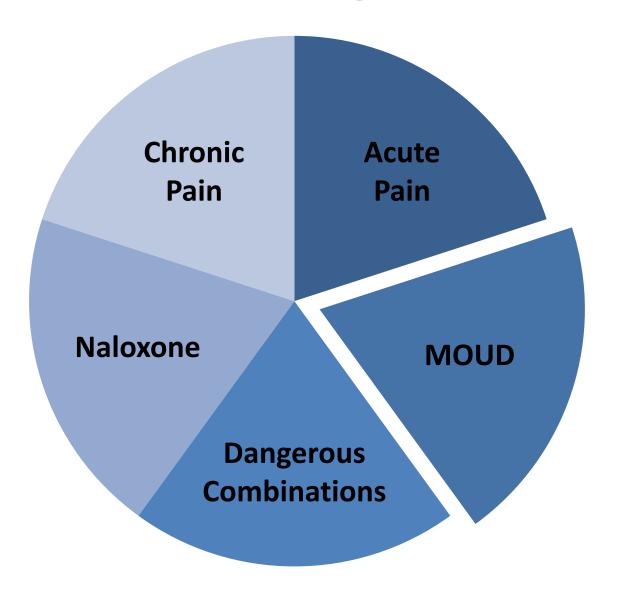


Acute pain management for Patients on buprenorphine:

- CONTINUE BUPRENORPHINE
- Consider talking to prescriber for coordination
- maximize nonopioid pain treatments (pharmacologic and nonpharmacologic)
- Consider adding short-acting opioid for 3d
- > Guidelines from ME Clinical Opioid Advisory Committee: https://www.maine.gov/future/sites/maine.gov.future/files/inline-files/Perioperative%20Pain%20Mngmnt%20Guidance_ME%20Opioid%20Clinical%20Adv%20Comm_GOPIF_08-2020.pdf



Prescribing ...





MOUD

Medications for Opioid Use Disorder (previously referred to as MAT: Medications for Addiction Treatment)



Effective, Cost-effective, and Cost-beneficial

Medications:

- reduce illicit opioid use
- retain people in treatment
- reduce risk of opioid overdose death
- better than treatment with placebo or no medication (50% vs 10% @1 yr)
- decrease crime
- reduce risk of readmission



Updated buprenorphine prescribing requirements April 2021

- All prescribers can apply for x-waivers to treat up to 30 pts WITHOUT additional training or immediate counselling access
- Federal legislation to completely eliminate the x-waiver proposed: "Mainstreaming Addiction Treatment Act"
- MICIS has private, one hour CME sessions on MOUD
- ASAM one hour online intro course

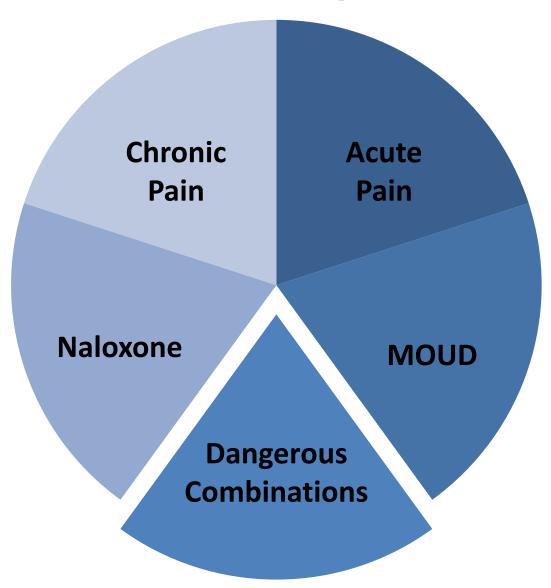


Ways you can effect change

- Learn the opioid use disorder treatment options in your community or know who to contact for information
- Use non-stigmatizing language
- Don't be afraid to ask patients
- Get your x-waiver
- Advocate at all levels



Prescribing ...





1+1>2
benzo opioid respiratory depression

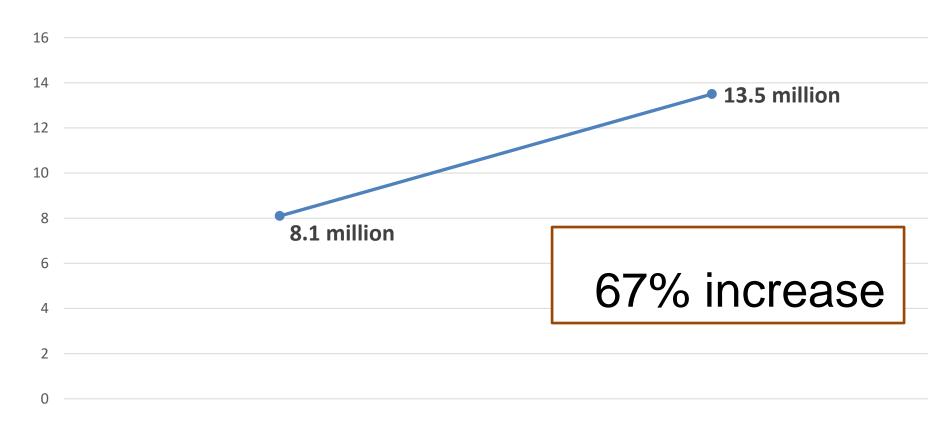


BLACK BOX WARNING

opioids and benzodiazepines when combined can result in serious side effects including slowed/difficult breathing and death



Adults Who Filled Benzo Rx

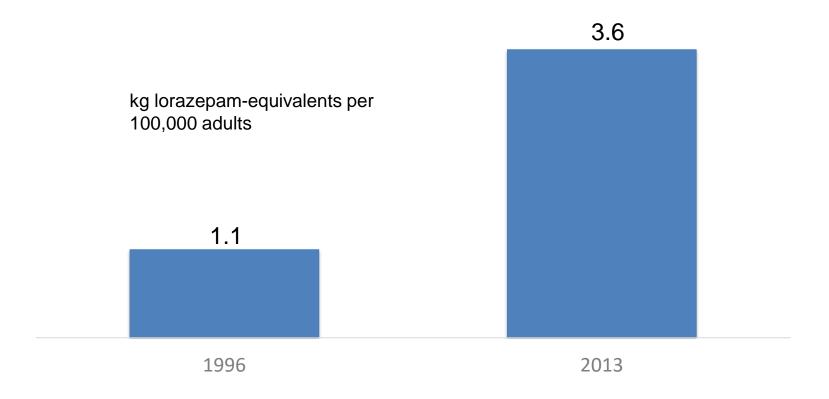


1996

2013



Amount of Benzo per Rx





Academic Detailing Handout

Safer Treatments for Anxiety and Insomnia

Maine Independent Clinical Information Service • 2019



Take Home Messages:

- ▶ Benzos are neither safe nor effective for long-term use
- ▶ Risk of death increases 4-10x when benzos & opioids co-prescribed
- ▶ 'Z-Drugs,' gabapentin/pregabalin & carisoprodol are also risky to co-prescribe with opioids
- Enlist Behavioral Health support & start benzo tapers
- Prescribe naloxone to all pts currently co-prescribed benzos & opioids

Non sedative-hypnotic treatment of ANXIETY

- assure proper diagnosis; anxiety may be a symptom of multiple psychiatric conditions
- rule out underlying medical problems
- consider medication side effects as a cause of anviety-related symptoms



https://micismaine.org/wp-content/uploads/2019-MICIS-coprescribing-handout-2019-02-19.pdf "Clinical Toolkit"

Boston Community Study pts rx'd benzos had

- MORE PCP visits
- MORE Specialist visits
- MORE ED Visits
- MORE Hospitalizations
- > LONGER LOS

p< 0.001 for all



Overarching Concepts of co-rx'ing

- Stop starting
- > Taper, titrate, do not escalate
- Monitor closely, reassess frequently
- Limit dose & duration
- Warn pts & caregivers
- > Co-rx naloxone



De-prescribing/Tapering opioids & benzos

- Discuss at every visit
- Require behavioral health involvement
- > Faster initial drop, slower later
- Once committed, OK to pause, but never reverse taper
- Ask patients for input into schedule (give some control)

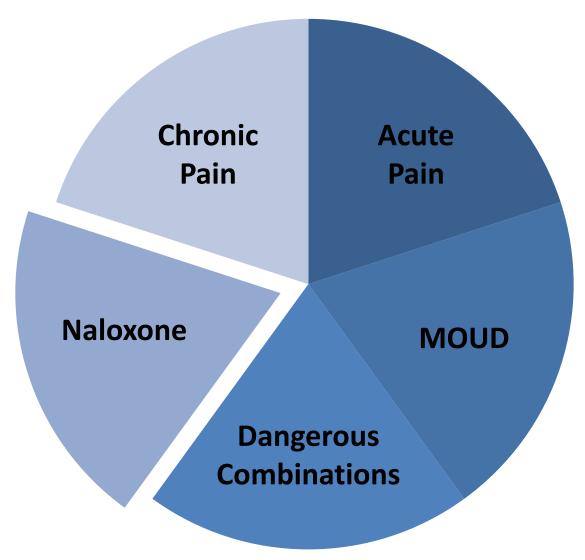


BRAVO-approach to tapering

- > Broach subject
- > Risk benefit calculator
- Addiction happens
- Velocity matters (+ validation)
- > Other options/strategies for coping w/pain



Prescribing ...





SAMSHA naloxone video

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=RcAaZQQqd50



SAVE LIVES FIRST

Hardwire naloxone protocols
into your practice
"naloxone like water"



Naloxone Products

naloxone nasal spray 4mg*



naloxone nasal spray 8mg**





naloxone prefilled syringe* & nasal atomizer



naloxone vial* for IM & supplies





*MaineCare preferred (no PA)

**MaineCare reviewing (10/21)

Maine naloxone laws

- Good Samaritan for prescriber, patient, bystanders
- Legal to prescribe for third-party use (only rx for which this is true)
- Some pharmacists can prescribe/dispense naloxone (and all prescribers can!!)



getmainenaloxone.org



Get Maine Nalox-

One — Find Narcan® / Naloxone in Maine

Home Get Naloxone >





I am an individual looking for naloxone





*4 HOURS OF OPIOID TOPICS *HEPATITIS C *TREATING DEPRESSION

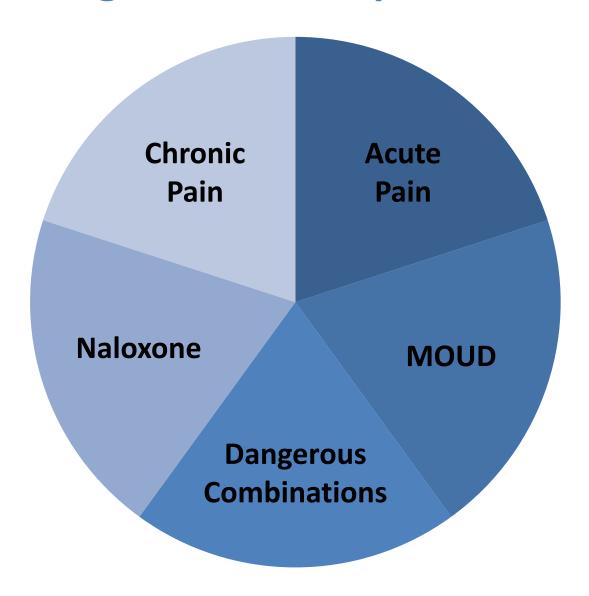
1:1 PRESCRIBING EDUCATION SESSIONS AVAILABLE LIVE OR VIRTUAL



In Summary...



Prescribing to Reduce Opioid Overdose





HOW TO FILL OUT EVALUATION AND GET CME CREDIT



MICISMAINE.ORG



Online Resources

Websites:

- mainedrugdata.org/
- knowyouroptions.me/about-options/
- www.maine.gov/future/initiatives/opioids (look at bottom right, under "Latest Documents")
- www.micismaine.org/

Videos:

- https://youtu.be/Eaptdcvb9al
- www.youtube.com/watch?v=7p SU6zcvbA
- www.youtube.com/watch?v=RcAaZQQqd50



References

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- > Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). Multiple Cause of Death, 1999-2015. CDC WONDER Online Database. https://wonder.cdc.gov/mcd-icd10.html. Accessed April 4, 2017.
- > Chou & Lembke, BRAVO Opioid Tapering Approach https://www.oregonpainguidance.org/guideline/tapering/
- > Dasgupta, N, et al. "Cohort Study of the Impact of High-Dose Opioid Analgesics on Overdose Mortality." *Current Neurology and Neuroscience Reports.*, U.S. National Library of Medicine, Jan. 2016, www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/26333030.
- > Gomes T, Mamdani MM, Dhalla IA, Paterson JM, Juurlink DN. Opioid dose and drug-related mortality in patients with nonmalignant pain. *Arch Intern Med.* 2011;171(7):686-691. doi:10.1001/archinternmed.2011.117.
- > Kroll, D, et al. "Benzodiazepines are Prescribed More Frequently to Patients Already at Risk for Benzodiazepine-Related Adverse Events in Primary Care." *J Gen Int Med*, 2016; 31(9): 1027-1034.



NIDA OD Prevention video

- Suitable for all patients on opioids, not just pts on MOUD
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7p_SU6zcvbA



Tapering – BRAVO – A Collaborative Approach

Clinical Update March 2020



- Involve the patient
- Take more time
- Get the support of your team
- Use motivational interviewing (reflection, validation, support)
- For inherited patients, maintain the current dose and document if considering a taper





Risk Benefit Assessment







Consider tapering for the following reasons:

- Patient request
- Pain and function not improved
- Adverse opioid effects
- Co-occurring conditions (including mental health)
- Dose over 90 MED
- Concurrent sedatives
- Opioid use disorder
- Opioid overdose





Addiction & Dependence Happen







- Addiction = The 3 C's: Control, Craving, continued use despite Consequences
- Dependence = Tolerance, withdrawal, without the 3 C's
- Anyone can become addicted or dependent
- Reassure patients there is effective treatment for both
- Consider buprenorphine





Velocity & Validation





- Go slowly (Tapering Examples)
- Maintain the same schedule (BID, TID)
- Let the patient drive "Which opioid would you like to taper first?" • Take breaks, but never go backwards
- Warn patients that pain gets worse before it gets better
- Validate that opioid tapering is hard





Other Strategies for Coping with Pain



- Help patients understand how pain works Encourage regular, restful sleep
- Promote healthy activities
- Maintain a positive mood
- Foster social connections
- Make good nutritional choices
- Consider non-opioid pain medications

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